Measles, Rubella and Congenital Rubella Syndrome (CRS) Country Profile

Bahamas

Pan American Health Organization

Introduction

The measles and rubella country profile aims to facilitate the analysis of data compiled in the last five years. This profile was only developed for those countries who officially reported vaccination coverage and case by case surveillance and laboratory data to the Pan American Health Organization (PAHO). There may be minor differences in the country profile if the country has updated data that was not reported to PAHO. The country profile will be automatically updated twice per year: at the end of April (surveillance data) and at the end of September (vaccination coverage data).

General Information

Table 1: Demographic data, 2022.

Demographic group	Population
1 year of age	4,636
Total population	410,007

Table 2: Last endemic cases by year and disease.

Measles	Rubella	CRS
1991	1998	1998

Table 3: Vaccination schedule.

Vaccine	1st Dose	2nd Dose	MMR2 Year Introduced
MMR	12 mo	15 mo	2001

Epidemiology and Quality of Surveillance

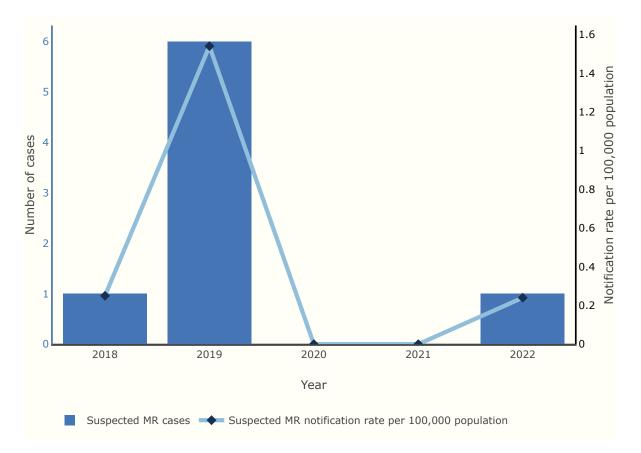


Figure 1: Distribution of suspected MR cases and notification rate at the national level, 2018-2022.

Table 4: Distribution of suspected MR cases and notification rate at the national level, 2018-2022.

	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Suspected MR cases	1	6	0	0	1
Suspected MR notification rate per 100,000 population	0.25	1.54	0	0	0.24

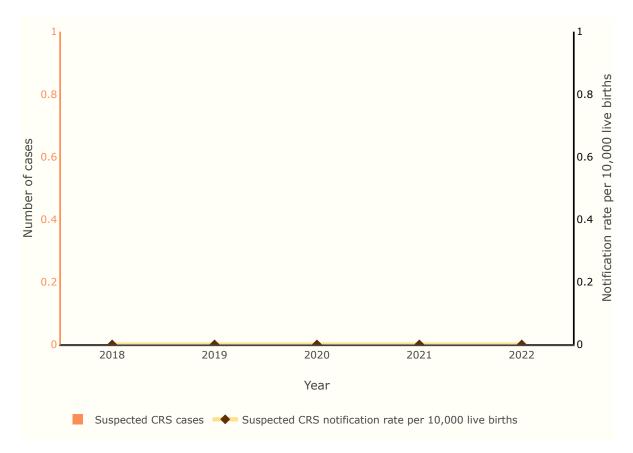
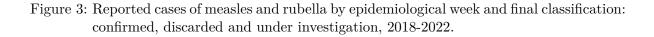


Figure 2: Distribution of suspected CRS cases and notification rate at the national level, 2018-2022.

Table 5: Distribution of suspected CRS cases and notification rate at the national level, 2018-2022.

	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Suspected CRS cases	0	0	0	0	0
Suspected CRS notification rate per 10,000 live births	0	0	0	0	0



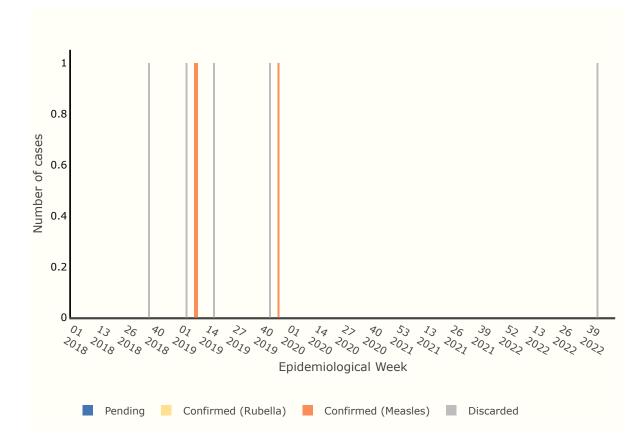
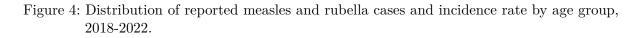
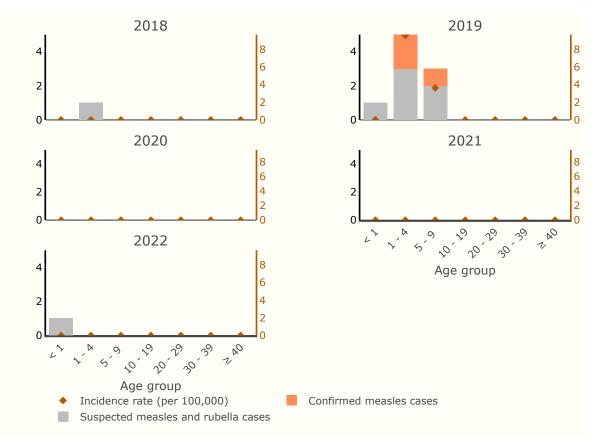


Table 6: Reported cases of measles and rubella by epidemiological year and final classification, 2018-2022.

Classification	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Confirmed (Measles)	0	3	0	0	0
Confirmed (Rubella)	0	0	0	0	0
Pending	0	0	0	0	0
Discarded	1	3	0	0	1
Total	1	6	0	0	1





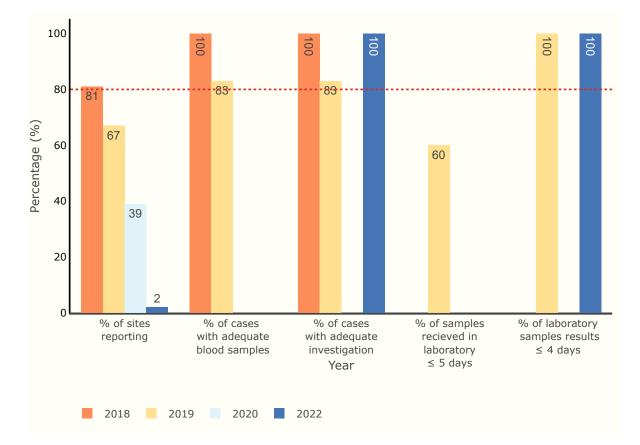


Figure 5: Performance indicators of measles and rubella surveillance by year, 2018-2022.

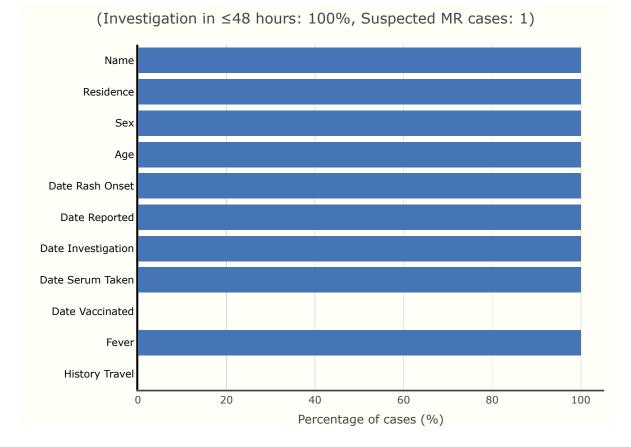


Figure 6: Proportion of the 11 variables reported for adequate investigation indicator, 2022.

Table 7: Municipalities reporting measles and rubella suspected cases by year, 2018-2022.

	No. of municipalities	Total municipalities in	% of municipalities reporting
Year	reporting suspected cases	the country	suspected cases
2018	2	16	12
2019	2	16	12
2020	0	16	0
2021	NA	15	NA
2022	0	15	0

Laboratory Surveillance

			Criteria	a for discare	ling	No.	of cases disc	carded by o	ther differe	ntial diagno	osis
Year	No. of suspected cases reported	No. of discarded cases	IgM Negative	No data	Others	Vaccine reaction	Dengue	Parvo virus	Herpes 6	Allergic reaction	Others
2018	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2019	6	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2022	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Table 8: Criteria used to discard suspected measles and rubella cases by year, 2018-2022.

Analysis of Vaccination Coverage and Population Cohorts

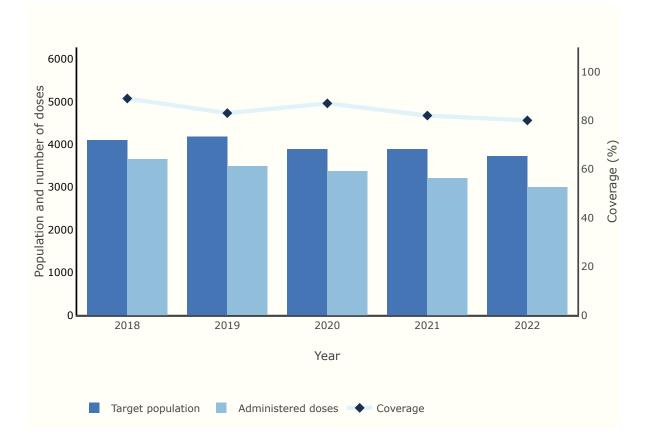


Figure 7: Coverage of the first dose of measles-mumps-rubella (MMR1) vaccine, number of doses administered, and number of children 1 year of age, 2018-2022.

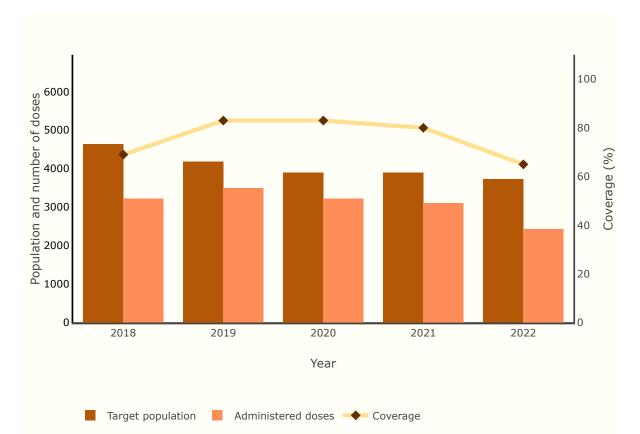
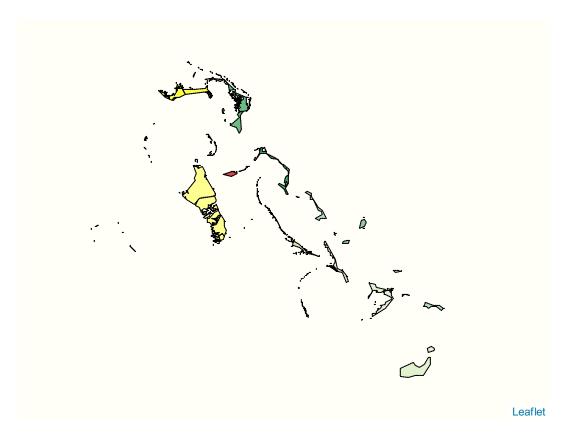


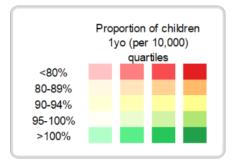
Figure 8: Coverage of the second dose of measles-mumps-rubella (MMR2) vaccine, number of doses administered, and number of children 15 month(s) of age, 2018-2022.

Table 9: Vaccination coverage with first and second dose of measles-mumps-rubella (MMR1 and MMR2) vaccines by target population and administered doses, 2018-2022.

		MMR1			MMR2	
Year	Administered doses	Target population	Coverage	Administered doses	Target population	Coverage
2018	3,659	4,102	89	3,221	4,639	69
2019	$3,\!489$	4,183	83	$3,\!489$	4,183	83
2020	$3,\!379$	$3,\!897$	87	3,227	$3,\!897$	83
2021	3,211	$3,\!897$	82	3,112	$3,\!897$	80
2022	2,997	3,726	80	$2,\!431$	3,726	65

Figure 9: Subnational coverage of the first dose of measles-mumps-rubella (MMR1) vaccine and proportion of children aged 1 year, 2021





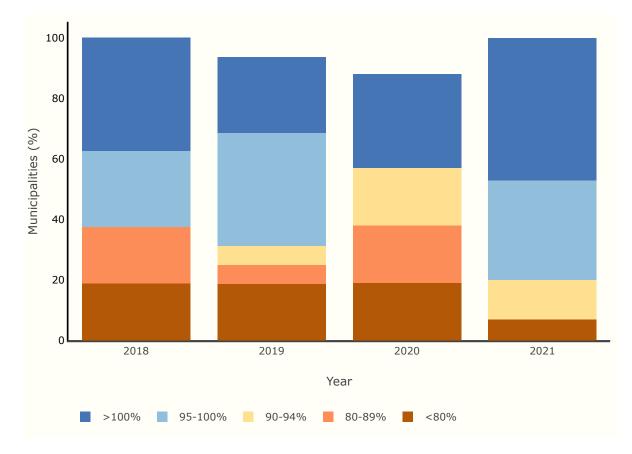


Figure 10: Proportion of municipalities by MMR1 vaccination coverage ranges, 2018-2022.

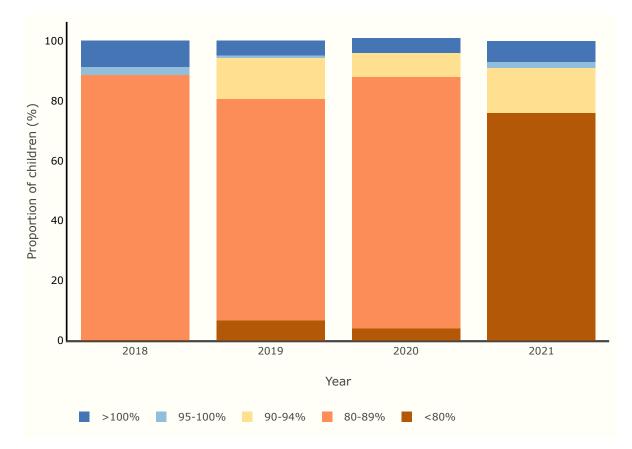


Figure 11: Proportion of children living in those municipalities for MMR1 vaccination coverage ranges, 2018-2022.

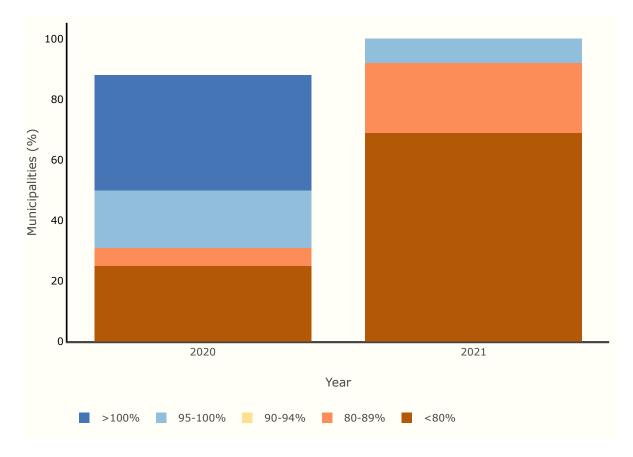


Figure 12: Proportion of municipalities by MMR2 vaccination coverage ranges, 2018-2022.

Figure 13: Proportion of children living in those municipalities for MMR2 vaccination coverage ranges, 2018-2022.

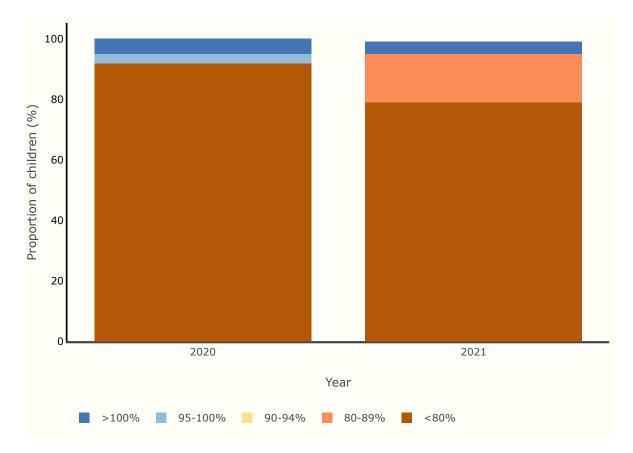


Table 10: Proportion of municipalities with MMR1 and MMR2 coverage ranges and proportion of children living in those municipalities, 2018-2022.

		MN	MMR1		IR2
Year	Coverage range (%)	MMR1	MMR2	MMR1	MMR2
2022	<80	NA	NA	NA	NA
2022	80-89	NA	NA	NA	NA
2022	90-94	NA	NA	NA	NA
2022	95-100	NA	NA	NA	NA
2022	>100	NA	NA	NA	NA
2021	<80	7.0	69	76.0	79
2021	80-89	0.0	23	0.0	16
2021	90-94	13.0	0	15.0	0

$2021 \\ 2021$	95-100 >100	$33.0 \\ 47.0$	8 0	$2.0 \\ 7.0$	$\begin{array}{c} 0 \\ 4 \end{array}$
2020 2020	<80 80-89	19.0 19.0	25	4.0 84.0	92 0
$2020 \\ 2020 \\ 2020$	90-94 95-100 >100	$19.0 \\ 0.0 \\ 31.0$	0 19 38	$8.0 \\ 0.0 \\ 5.0$	$\begin{array}{c} 0 \\ 3 \\ 5 \end{array}$
2020 2019 2019	<80 80-89	18.8 6.2	NA NA	6.8 73.9	J NA NA
$2019 \\ 2019$	90-94 95-100	$6.2 \\ 37.5$	NA NA	$\begin{array}{c} 13.7\\ 0.7\end{array}$	NA NA
2019 2018 2018	>100 <80 80-89	25.0 18.8 18.8	NA NA NA	4.9 0.2 88.5	NA NA NA
$\begin{array}{c} 2018\\ 2018 \end{array}$	90-94 95-100	$0.0 \\ 25.0$	NA NA	$\begin{array}{c} 0.0 \\ 2.6 \end{array}$	NA NA
2018	>100	37.5	NA	8.7	NA

References

Section	Sources
General Information	 United Nations, Department of Economic and Social Affairs, Population Division (2022). World Population Prospects 2022, Online Edition. Country reports through the electronic PAHO-WHO/UNICEF Joint
Epidemiology and Quality of Surveillance	 Reporting Form (eJRF). [3] Integrated Surveillance Information System (ISIS) and country reports to CIM/PAHO. [2] Country reports through the electronic PAHO-WHO/UNICEF Joint
Laboratory Surveillance	Reporting Form (eJRF). [3] Integrated Surveillance Information System (ISIS) and country reports to CIM/PAHO.
Analysis of Vaccination Coverage and Population Cohorts	[2] Country reports through the electronic PAHO-WHO/UNICEF Joint Reporting Form (eJRF).